

JEE-MAIN – JUNE, 2022

(Held On Tuesday 28th June, 2022)

TIME: 3:00 PM to 6:00 PM

Chemistry

Test Pattern : JEE-MAIN Maximum Marks : 120

Topic Covered: FULL SYLLABUS

Important instruction:

- 1. Use Blue / Black Ball point pen only.
- 2. There are three sections of equal weightage in the question paper **Physics, Chemistry** and **Mathematics** having 30 questions in each subject. Each paper have 2 sections A and B.
- 3. You are awarded +4 marks for each correct answer and −1 marks for each incorrect answer.
- 4. Use of calculator and other electronic devices is not allowed during the exam.
- 5. No extra sheets will be provided for any kind of work.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals)	
Father's Name (in Capitals)	
Form Number : in figures	
: in words	
Centre of Examination (in Capitals):	
Candidate's Signature:	Invigilator's Signature :

Rough Space

YOUR TARGET IS TO SECURE GOOD RANK IN JEE-MAIN

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FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION - JUNE, 2022

(Held On Tuesday 28th June, 2022)

TIME: 3:00 PM to 6:00 PM

CHEMISTRY

SECTION-A

1. Compound A contains 8.7% Hydrogen, 74% Carbon and 17.3% Nitrogen. The molecular formula of the compound is,

Given: Atomic masses of C, H and N are 12, 1 and 14 amu respectively.

The molar mass of the compound A is 162 g mol⁻¹.

- (A) $C_4H_6N_2$
- (B) C_2H_3N
- (C) C₅H₇N
- (D) $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Allen Ans. (D)

Sol.

С	74%	$\frac{74}{12} = 6.16$	$\frac{6.16}{1.23} = 5$
N	17.3%	$\frac{17.3}{14} = 1.23$	$\frac{1.23}{1.23} = 1$
Н	8.7%	$\frac{8.7}{1} = 8.7$	$\frac{8.7}{1.23} = 7$

Emperical formula = C_5NH_7

Emperical weight = 81

Multiplying factor =
$$\frac{162}{81}$$
 = 2

Molecular formula = $C_{10}N_2H_{14}$

- **2.** Consider the following statements :
 - (A) The principal quantum number 'n' is a positive integer with values of 'n' = 1, 2, 3, ...
 - **(B)** The azimuthal quantum number 'l' for a given 'n' (principal quantum number) can have values as 'l' = 0, 1, 2, n
 - (C) Magnetic orbital quantum number ' m_l ' for a particular 'l' (azimuthal quantum number) has (2l + 1) values.

TEST PAPER WITH SOLUTION

- **(D)** $\pm 1/2$ are the two possible orientations of electron spin.
- **(E)** For l = 5, there will be a total of 9 orbital.

Which of the above statements are **correct**?

- (A) (A), (B) and (C)
- (B) (A), (C), (D) and (E)
- (C)(A),(C) and (D)
- (D) (A), (B), (C) and (D)

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

- **Sol.** (A) Number of values of $n = 1, 2, 3 \dots \infty$
 - (B) Number of values of $\ell = 0$ to (n-1)
 - (C.) Number of values of $m = -\ell$ to $+\ell$

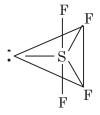
Total values = $2\ell + 1$

- (D) Values of spin = $\pm \frac{1}{2}$
- (E) For $\ell = 5$ number of orbitals = $2\ell + 1 = 11$
- 3. In the structure of SF₄, the lone pair of electrons on S is in.
 - (A) equatorial position and there are two lone pairbond pair repulsions at 90°
 - (B) equatorial position and there are three lone pair-bond pair repulsions at 90°
 - (C) axial position and there are three lone pair bond pair repulsion at 90°.
 - (D) axial position and there are two lone pair bond pair repulsion at 90°.

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Allen Ans. (A)

Sol.



sp³d, See-Saw

4. A student needs to prepare a buffer solution of propanoic acid and its sodium salt with pH 4. The

ratio of
$$\frac{[CH_3CH_2COO^-]}{[CH_3CH_2COOH]}$$
 required to make buffer

is

Given: $K_a(CH_3CH_2COOH) = 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$

- (A) 0.03
- (B) 0.13
- (C) 0.23
- (D) 0.33

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Allen Ans. (B)

Sol.
$$pH = pK_a + log \frac{[Salt]}{[Acid]}$$

$$4 = 5 - \log 1.3 + \log \frac{\left[\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COO}^-\right]}{\left[\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}\right]}$$

$$log \frac{\left \lceil CH_{3}CH_{2}COO^{-} \right \rceil}{\left \lceil CH_{3}CH_{2}COOH \right \rceil} = log 1.3 - 1 = log \frac{1.3}{10}$$

$$\frac{\left[\text{CH}_{3}\text{CH}_{2}\text{COO}^{-}\right]}{\left[\text{CH}_{3}\text{CH}_{2}\text{COOH}\right]} = 0.13$$

5. Match List-I with List-II.

List-I		List-II	
(A)	Negatively	(I)	Fe ₂ O ₃ ·xH ₂ O
	charged sol		
(B)	Macromolecular	(II)	CdS sol
	colloid		
(C)	Positively	(III)	Starch
	charged sol		
(D)	Cheese	(IV)	a gel

Choose the correct answer from the options given

below:

$$(A)(A) - (II), (B) - (III), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I)$$

$$(B) (A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)$$

$$(C)(A) - (II), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV)$$

$$(D)(A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)$$

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol. Negative charged sol = CdS (II)

Macromolecular colloid = starch (III)

Positively charged sol = $Fe_2O_3.xH_2O(I)$

Cheese = gel(IV)

6. Match List-I with List-II.

List-I (Oxide)		List-II (Nature)	
(A)	Cl ₂ O ₇	(I)	Amphoteric
(B)	Na ₂ O	(II)	Basic
(C)	Al ₂ O ₃	(III)	Neutral
(D)	N ₂ O	(IV)	Acidic

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given

below:

$$(A)(A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)$$

$$(B) (A) - (IV), (B) - (II), (C) - (I), (D) - (III)$$

$$(C)(A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (III), (D) - (I)$$

$$(D)(A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IIII), (D) - (IV)$$

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Allen Ans. (B)

Sol. Cl₂O₇ Acidic

Na₂O Basic

Al₂O₃ Amphoteric

N₂O Neutral

7. In the metallurgical extraction of copper, following reaction is used:

$$FeO + SiO_2 \rightarrow FeSiO_3$$

FeO and FeSiO₃ respectively are.

- (A) gangue and flux
- (B) flux and slag
- (C) slag and flux
- (D) gangue and slag

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Allen Ans. (D)

Sol. FeO = Gangue

 $FeSiO_3 = Slag$

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- **8.** Hydrogen has three isotopes: protium (¹H), deuterium (²H or D) and tritium (³H or T). They have nearly same chemical properties but different physical properties. They differ in
 - (A) number of protons
 - (B) atomic number
 - (C) electronic configuration
 - (D) atomic mass

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Allen Ans. (D)

- **Sol.** They have different neutrons and mass number
- **9.** Among the following basic oxide is:
 - (A) SO₃
- (B) SiO_2
- (C) CaO
- (D) Al_2O_3

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol. SO_3 , $SiO_2 = Acidic$

CaO = Basic

 $Al_2O_3 = Amphoteric$

- 10. Among the given oxides of nitrogen; N_2O , N_2O_3 , N_2O_4 and N_2O_5 , the number of compound/(s) having N-N bond is :
 - (A) 1

(B)2

(C)3

(D) 4

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol.

- 11. Which of the following oxoacids of sulphur contains "S" in two different oxidation states?
 - (A) H₂S₂O₃
- (B) $H_2S_2O_6$
- (C) $H_2S_2O_7$
- (D) $H_2S_2O_8$

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Allen Ans. (A)

Sol.

- 12. Correct statement about photo-chemical smog is:
 - (A) It occurs in humid climate.
 - (B) It is a mixture of smoke, fog and SO₂
 - (C) It is reducing smog.
 - (D) It results from reaction of unsaturated hydrocarbons.

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Allen Ans. (D)

- **Sol.** Photo chemical smog results from the action of sunlight on unsaturated hydro carbons and nitrogen oxide
- **13.** The correct IUPAC name of the following compound is:

$$O_2N$$
 O_2N
 O_3N
 O_4N
 O_4N
 O_4N

- (A) 4-methyl-2-nitro-5-oxohept-3-enal
- (B) 4-methyl-5-oxo-2-nitrohept-3-enal
- (C) 4-methyl-6-nitro-3-oxohept-4-enal
- (D) 6-formyl-4-methyl-2-nitrohex-3-enal

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol.

$$O_2N$$
 O_2N
 O_2N
 O_3
 O_4
 O_4
 O_5
 O_4
 O_5
 O_5
 O_4
 O_5
 O

4-Methyl-6-nitro-3-oxohept-4-enal

JEE-MAIN 2022 (CHEMISTRY)



14. The major product (P) of the given reaction is (where, Me is –CH₃)

$$Me$$
 Me
 Me
 Me
 Me
 $Major Product$

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol.

15. A $\xrightarrow{\text{(i) } \text{Cl}_2, \Delta}$ 4-Bromophenyl acetic acid. $\text{(ii) } \text{H}_2\text{O/H}^+$

In the above reaction 'A' is

$$(A) \quad CH_2CH_3 \qquad (B) \quad CH=CH_2$$

$$(C) Br \qquad (D) Br \qquad CH=CH_2$$

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol.

$$\begin{array}{c}
CH_3 & CH_2-CI \\
\hline
O & CI_2/\Delta
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
CH_2-CI \\
\hline
O & CN
\end{array}$$

16. Isobutyraldehyde on reaction with formaldehyde and K_2CO_3 gives compound 'A'. Compound 'A' reacts with KCN and yields compound 'B', which on hydrolysis gives a stable compound 'C'. The compound 'C' is:

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol.

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17. With respect to the following reaction, consider the given statements:

- (A) o-Nitroaniline and p-nitroaniline the predominant products
- (B) p-Nitroaniline and m-nitroaniline are the predominant products
- (C) HNO₃ acts as an acid
- (D) H₂SO₄ acts as an acid
- (A) (A) and (C) are correct statements.
- (B) (A) and (D) are correct statements.
- (C) (B) and (D) are correct statements.
- (D) (B) and (C) are correct statements.

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol.

$$\underset{\text{Base}}{\text{HNO}_3} + \underset{\text{Acid}}{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4} \rightarrow \text{NO}_2^+$$

18. Given below are two statements, one is Assertion (A) and other is Reason (R).

> **Assertion (A):** Natural rubber is a linear polymer of isoprene called cis-polyisoprene with elastic properties.

> Reason (R): The cis-polyisoprene molecules consist of various chains held together by strong polar interactions with coiled structure.

> In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** one from the options given below:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true.

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Natural rubber is linear polymer of isoprene (2methyl-1,3-butadiene) and is also called cis-1,4polyisoprene. The cis-polyisoprene molecules consists of various chains held together by weak Vander Waal's interactions and has a coiled structure

- When sugar 'X' is boiled with dilute H₂SO₄ in 19. alcoholic solution, two isomers 'A' and 'B' are formed. 'A' on oxidation with HNO₃ yields saccharic acid where as 'B' is laevorotatory. The compound 'X' is:
 - (A) Maltose
- (B) Sucrose
- (C) Lactose
- (D) Strach

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Allen Ans. (B)

Sol.
$$C_{12}H_{22}O_{11} + H_2O \xrightarrow{H^*} C_6H_{12}O_6 + C_6H_{12}O_6$$
[\$\alpha\$] = 66.6° D-Glucose D-Fructose
[\$\alpha\$] = +52.7° [\$\alpha\$] = -92.2°

(A) (B)

CHO

H
OH
HO
H
OH
HO
OH
HO
OH
H
OH

Sachharic acid

COOH

20.

CH,OH

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol. Tegamet is the brand name of Cimetidine



SECTION-B

1. 100 g of an ideal gas is kept in a cylinder of 416 L volume at 27°C under 1.5 bar pressure. The molar mass of the gas is ____ g mol⁻¹. (Nearest integer) (Given: $R = 0.083 L bar K^{-1} mol^{-1}$)

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

Allen Ans. (4)

Sol. $1.5 \times 416 = \frac{100}{M} \times 0.083 \times 300$

M = 3.99

Ans. 4

2. For combustion of one mole of magnesium in an open container at 300 K and 1 bar pressure, $\Delta_{\rm C} {\rm H}^{\odot}$ = -601.70 kJ mol⁻¹, the magnitude of change in internal energy for the reaction is ____ kJ. (Nearest integer)

(Given : $R = 8.3 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$)

Official Ans. by NTA (600)

Allen Ans. (600)

Sol. $Mg(s) + \frac{1}{2}O_2(g) \rightarrow MgO(s)$

 $\Delta H = \Delta U + \Delta n_{g} RT$

$$-601.70 \times 10^3 = \Delta U - \frac{1}{2} \times 8.3 \times 300$$

$$-601.70 \, kJ = \Delta U - 1.245 \, kJ$$

$$\Delta U = -600.455 \,\mathrm{kJ}$$

Ans. 600

3. 2.5 g of protein containing only glycine ($C_2H_5NO_2$) is dissolved in water to make 500 mL of solution. The osmotic pressure of this solution at 300 K is found to be 5.03×10^{-3} bar. The total number of glycine units present in the protein is ____

(Given : $R = 0.083 L bar K^{-1} mol^{-1}$)

Official Ans. by NTA (330)

Allen Ans. (330)

Sol. $\pi = CRT$

$$5.03 \times 10^{-3} = C \times 0.083 \times 300$$

 $C = 0.202 \times 10^{-3} M$

Moles of protein = $0.202 \times 10^{-3} \times 0.5$

$$= 10^{-4} \times 1.01$$

$$1.01 \times 10^{-4} = \frac{2.5}{M}$$

M(molar mass of protein) = 24752

:. No. of glycine units = $\frac{24752}{75}$ = 330.03

4. For the given reactions

$$Sn^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow Sn$$

$$Sn^{4+} + 4e^- \rightarrow Sn$$

The electrode potentials are; $E^{o}_{Sn^{2+}/Sn} = -0.140 \text{ V}$ and $E^{o}_{Sn^{4+}/Sn} = 0.010 \text{ V}$. The magnitude of standard electrode potential for Sn^{4+}/Sn^{2+} i.e. $E^{o}_{Sn^{4+}/Sn^{2+}}$ is _____ × 10^{-2} V. (Nearest integer)

Official Ans. by NTA (16)

Allen Ans. (16)

$$\label{eq:Sol_sol} \text{Sol.} \quad Sn^{^{2+}} + 2e^{^-} \rightarrow Sn \qquad \quad \Delta G_1^0 = +2 \times 0.140 \times F$$

$$\operatorname{Sn}^{+4} + 4e^{-} \rightarrow \operatorname{Sn}$$

$$\Delta G_2^0 = -4 \times 0.01 \times F$$

$$Sn^{+4} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Sn^{+2}$$
 $\Delta G_{3}^{0} = -2 \times E_{Sn^{+4}/Sn^{+2}}^{0} \times F$

$$\Delta G_3^0 = \Delta G_2^0 - \Delta G_1^0$$

$$-2 \times E^0 \times F = -(0.04 + 0.28) \times F$$

$$E^0 = 0.16 \text{ volt} = 16 \times 10^{-2} \text{ V}$$

Ans 16

5. A radioactive element has a half life of 200 days. The percentage of original activity remaining after 83 days is ______. (Nearest integer)

(Given: antilog 0.125 = 1.333, antilog 0.693 = 4.93)

Official Ans. by NTA (75)

Allen Ans. (75)

Sol.
$$t = \frac{t_{1/2}}{0.3} \log \frac{\lfloor A \rfloor_0}{\lceil A \rceil}$$

$$83 = \frac{200}{0.3} \log \frac{\left[A\right]_0}{\left[A\right]}$$

$$0.125 = \log \frac{\left[A\right]_0}{\left[A\right]_t}$$

$$\frac{\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A} \end{bmatrix}_0}{\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A} \end{bmatrix}_t} = 1.333 \cong \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\left[A\right]_{t}}{\left[A\right]_{c}} \times 100 = \frac{3}{4} \times 100 = 75\%$$

Ans. 75

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6. $[Fe(CN)_6]^{4-}$

[Fe(CN)₆]³⁻

 $[Ti(CN)_6]^{3-}$

 $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$

 $[Co(CN)_6]^{3-}$

Among the given complexes, number of paramagnetic complexes is _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

Allen Ans. (2)

Sol. [Fe(CN)₆]⁴⁻ Diamagnetic

[Fe(CN)₆]³⁻ Paramagnetic (1 unpaired electron)

[Ti(CN)₆]³⁻ Paramagnetic (1 unpaired electron)

[Ni(CN)₄]²⁻ Diamagnetic

[Co(CN)₆]³⁻ Diamagnetic

Ans. 2

- 7. (a) CoCl₃·4 NH₃
 - (b) CoCl₃·5NH₃
 - (c) CoCl₃·.6NH₃ and
 - (d) $CoCl(NO_3)_2 \cdot 5NH_3$

Number of complex(es) which will exist in cistrans is/are

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

Allen Ans. (1)

Sol. (a) $CoCl_3 \cdot 4 NH_3 = [Co(NH_3)_4 Cl_2]Cl$

Can exhibit G.I.

(b) $CoCl_3 \cdot 5NH_3 = [Co(NH_3)_5 Cl]Cl_2$

Can't exhibit G.I.

(c) $CoCl_3 \cdot .6NH_3 = [Co(NH_3)_6]Cl_3$

Can't exhibit G.I.

(d) $CoCl(NO_3)_2 \cdot 5NH_3 = [Co(NH_3)_5 Cl](NO_3)_2$

OR

 $= [Co(NH_3)_5(NO_3)]Cl(NO_3)$

Both can't exhibit G.I.

8. The complete combustion of 0.492 g of an organic compound containing 'C', 'H' and 'O' gives 0.793g of CO₂ and 0.442 g of H₂O. The percentage of oxygen composition in the organic compound is ______ (nearest integer)

Official Ans. by NTA (46)

Allen Ans. (46)

Sol. Mole of CO_2 = Moles of $C = \frac{0.793}{44}$

Weight of 'C' = $\frac{0.793}{44} \times 12 = 0.216$ gm

Moles of 'H' = $\frac{0.442}{18} \times 2$

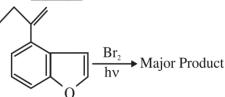
Weight of 'H' = $\frac{0.442}{18} \times 2 \times 1 = 0.049$ gm

:. Weight of 'O'=0.492-0.216-0.049= 0.227 gm

% of 'O' = $\frac{0.227}{0.492} \times 100 = 46.13\%$

Ans. 46

9. The major product of the following reaction contains _____ bromine atom(s).



Official Ans. by NTA (1)

Allen Ans. (1)

Sol.

No. of Br atoms = 1

10. 0.01 M KMnO₄ solution was added to 20.0 mL of 0.05 M Mohr's salt solution through a burette. The initial reading of 50 mL burette is zero. The volume of KMnO₄ solution left in the burette after the end point is _____ mL. (nearest integer)

Official Ans. by NTA (30)

Allen Ans. (30)

Sol. $N_1 V_1 = N_2 V_2$

 $0.01~\times 5\times V_1=0.05\times 1\times 20$

 $V_1 = 20 \text{ ml used}$

 \therefore Volume left = 50 - 20 = 30 ml